

SHEISKIH, B.L

DIRESMARAVAYINTE, B. M., VOLF, V. H., CKREENKO, V. S., KARLOVJKIY, M. 1., SHOTSKIY, B. I. and TURYEV, A. A.

"Mays Analysers and Spectrometers with Variable-Tuning Filters with Ferrite Cores."

paper presented at the 4th All-Union Com. on Acoustics, Moscow, 26 May - 2 Jun 58.

SHOTSKIY, BIL			
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ShoTSHIY I'

USSR/Cultivated Plants.- General Problems

M-1

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - No 1, 1958, No 1415

Author : Shotskiy V.
Inst : Not Given

Title : Experiment of Division of Irkutsk Oblast into Natural

Agricultural Rayons

Orig Pub: S. Kh. Sibiri, 1957, No 5, 20-25

Abstract : No abstract

Card : 1/1

TKACHUK, V.G., otv.red.; PAL'SHIN, G.B., red.; RELOV, I.V., red.; SHOTSKIY, V.P., red.; PERLOVICH, B.F., red.; MISNIKOV, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Materials for the young scientists! conference dedicated to the 10th anniversary of the West Siberian Branch of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R.] Materialy k konferentsii molodykh nauchnykh sotrudnikov; k 10-letiiu Vostochno-Sibirskogo filiala AN SSSR. Irkutsk. No.1. [Geology and geography] Geologiia i geografiia. 1958. 153 p. (MIRA 10:13)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Vostochno-Sibirskiy filial, Irkutsk. (Siberia, Western-Geology) (Siberia, Western-Geography)

SILINSKIY, P.P., otv.red.; BURTSEV, Ye.G., red.; GAVRILOV, M.K., red.; MALYSHEV, R.P., red.; CHUYKO, K.V., red.; SHOTSKIY, V.P., red.; FRIDMAN, V.G., red.; SOROKINA, T.I., tekhn.red.

[Irkutsk Province; a concise manual of its economy and statistics]
Irkutskeia oblast; kratkii ekonom-statisticheskii sbornik.
Irkutskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1958. 165 p. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Vostochno-Sibirskiy filial, Irkutsk. (Irkutsk Province--Statistics)

# SHOTSKIY, V.P. Practice in preparing comprehensive and special atlases of the East Siberian administrative economic regions. Trudy. Vost. - Sib. fil. AN SSSR no.32:125-129 '60. (MIRA 14:4) (Siberia, Eastern—Maps)

TKACHUK, V.G., doktor geologo-mineralog. nauk; TOLSTIKHIN, N.I., prof.;

PINNEKER, Ye.V., kand. geologo-mineralog. nauk, mladshiy nauchmyy
sotr., YASNITSKAYA, N.V., mladshiy nauchmyy sotr., khimik; KRUTIKOVA, A.I., mladshiy nauchmyy sotr., khimik; SHOTSKIY, V.P., kand.
geogr. nauk; ORLOVA, L.M., stershiy gidrogeolog; STEPANOV, V.M.,
kand. geologo-mineralog. nauk; VLASOV, N.A., kand. khim. nauk; PROKOP'YEV, B.V., kand. khim. nauk; CHERNYSHEV, L.A., starshiy prepodavatel'; PAVLOVA, L.I., starshiy prepodavatel'; Prinimali uchastiye:
IVANOV, V.V., kand. geologo-mineralog. nauk; YAROTSKIY, L.A., kand.
geologo-mineralog. nauk; KARASEVA, A.P., nauchmyy sotr.; ARUTYUNYANTS,
R.R., nauchmyy sotr.; ROMANOVA, E.M., nauchmyy sotr.; TROFIMUK, P.I.,
starshiy gidrogeolog; LADEYSHCHIKOV, P.I., starshiy nauchmyy sotr.,
kand. geogr. nauk; INSAK, S.V., starshiy laborant; KRUCHININA, L.Yu.,
laborant; SEMENOVA, Ye.A., red. izd-va; BOCHEVER, V.T., tekhm. red.

[Mineral waters of the southern part of Eastern Siberia] Mineral'nye vody iuzhnoi chasti Vostochnoi Sibiri. Moskva. Vol.1. [Hydrogeology of mineral waters and their significance for the national economy] Gidrogeologiia mineral'nykh vod i ikh narodnokhoziaistvennoe znachenie. Pod obshchei red. V.G.Tkachuk i N.I.Tolstikhina. 1961. 346 p. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Sibirskoye otdeleniye. Vostochno-sibirskiy geologicheskiy institut. (Continued on next card)

TKACHUK, V.G.-- (continued) Card 2.

2. Vostochno-Sibirskiy geologicheskiy institut (for Tkachuk, Pinneker, Yasnitskaya, Krutikova, Lysak). 3. Institut geografii Sibirskogo otdeleniya Akademii nauk SSSR (for Shotskiy). 4. Chitinskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye (for Orlova). 5. Sosnovskaya ekspeditsiya Ministerstva geologii i okhrany nedr SSSR (for Stepanov). 6. Irkutskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (for Vlasov, Prokop'yev, Chernyshev, Pavlova). 7. Leningradskiy gornyy institut (Tolstikhin). 8. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kurortologii i fizioterapii (for Ivanov, Yarotskiy, Karaseva, Arutyunyants, Romanova). 9. Irkutskoye geologicheskoye upravleniye (for Trofimuk). 10. Baykal'skaya limnologicheskaya stantsiya Vostochno-Sibirskogo filiala AN SSSR (for Ladeyshchikov). 11. Otdel ekonomiki i geografii Vostochno-Sibirskogo filiala AN SSSR (for Kruchinina).

SHOTSKIY, V.P.; KOMAREVSKAYA, V.P.

September 1876

Characteristics of agricultural development in the newly industrially developed regions of southern taigas; based on the example of Nizhneilimsk District. Dokl. Inst. geog. Sib. i Dal'. Vost. no.1:49-57 '62. (MIRA 17:8)

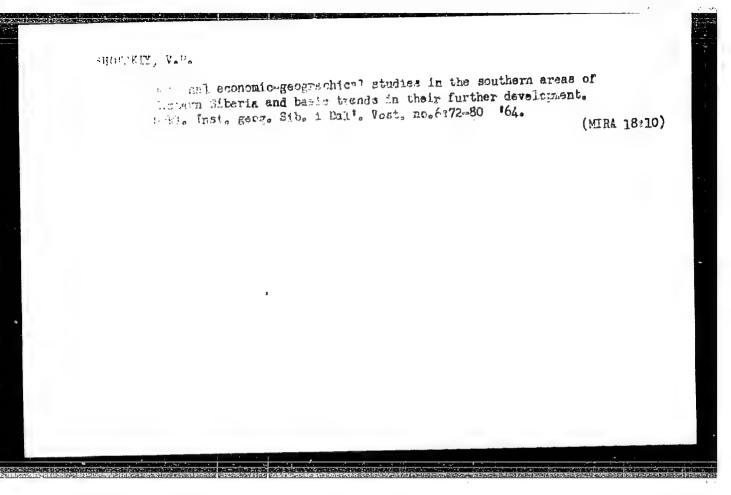
SHOTSKIY, V.P.; GRIGOR'YEVA, A.A.

Characteristics of the economic development of the southern taiga regions of Eastern Siberia. Sib. geog. sbor. no.2:156-169 163. (MIRA 16:11)

BUYANTUYEV, B.R.; GALAZIY, G.F.; KROTOV V.A.; SHOTSKIY, M.F.

Comprehensive utilization and conservation of the natural resources of take Beikal. Dokl. Inst. geog. Sib. i Dall. Vest. no.213-13 162.

(MIRA 18-10)



MEL'NICHUK, Ye.V. [Mel'nychuk, IE.V.]; SHOTSKIY, I.I. [Shotz'kyi, I.I.]

New deposit of carbonate raw material in the northern part of the Ukraine. Geol. zhur. 25 no.3:121-122 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Pravoberezhnaya ekspeditsiya tresta "Kiyevgeologiya".

SHOTT, A. V.

SHOTT, A. V. — "On the Etiology, Pathogenesis, and Treatment of Appendicitis." Minsk State Med Inst., Minsk, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Sciences.)

KNIZHNAYA LETOPIS No. 41, October 1956

MASLOV, P.N., prof.; SHOTT, A.V. assistent

Diagnosis and treatment of tumors of the thoracic cavity. Zdrav. Belor. 5 no.2:29-32 F '59. (MIRA 12:7)

l. Fakul'tetskaya khirurgicheskaya klinika Minskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(CHEST-TUMORS)

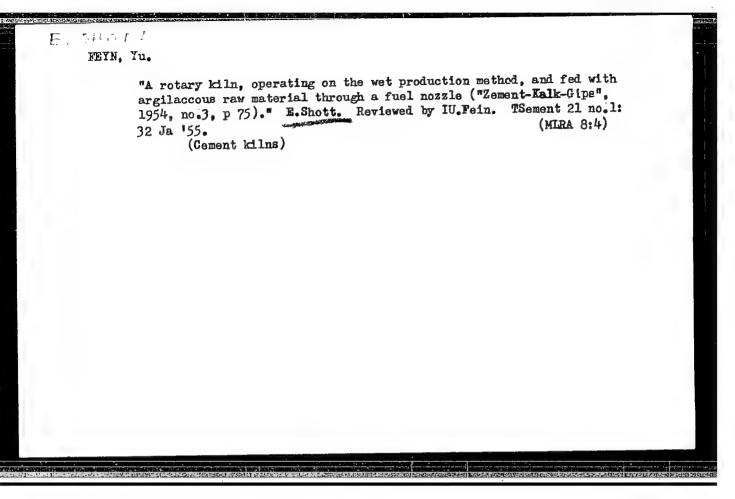
SHOTT, A.; MAKSIMENYA, G.

Meeting of the Republic surgical society. Zdrav. Bel. 6 no.11:72
N '60. (MIRA 13:12)

(WHITE RUSSIA-SURGICAL SOCIETIES)

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4



SHOTT, Emmanuil Genrikhovich; LIBERMAN, G.R., inzhener; NOVOCHADOV, A.G., redaktor; KONYASHINA, A.D., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Work practice of the Kansk Central Electric Power Station] Opyt raboty Kanskoi TsES. Moskva, Izd-vo Ministerstva kommunal noge khoziaistva RSFSR, 1955. 55 p. (MLRA 8:12) (Kansk--Electric power plants)

SHOTT, E.G., inzhener.

Eliminating resonance cibrations in exciter parts. Elek.sta. 28 (MIRA 10:10)

(Turbines--Vibration)

TIMOSHNVICH, B.P., olektromekhanik; SHOTT, I.M., elektromekhanik

Change in the circuit of the PS-2m signaling stand. Avtom.,
telem. i sviaz' 4 no. 12:35 D'60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Minskaya distantsiya signalizatsii i svyazi Belorusskoy dorogi.
(Railroads--Communication systems)

## S/120/61/000/003/034/041 E073/E435

AUTHORS: Shakha, I. and Shott, M.

TITLE: Improvement of thermocouple vacuum meters

PERIODICAL: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, 1961, No.3, pp.181-182

Series produced thermocouple vacuum meters are very simple and reliable instruments for monitoring pressures in the range 1 to 10-4 mm Hg. However, in laboratory practice, cases may occur in which it is necessary to monitor the stability of a vacuum of  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^{-4}$  mm Hg, with an accuracy high enough to be sure that the smallest changes in the instrument readings are due to changes in the degree of vacuum. For this, series manufactured instruments do not have a high enough stability. Fluctuations of the supply Moltage of + 10% and fluctuations in the heater current of up to + 2% may cause fluctuations of up to + 4% on the linear scale of a millivoltmeter. The corresponding absolute value of the change in the pressure in this range is relatively large so that the stability of the vacuum in the investigated equipment is not maintained with a sufficiently high reliability. A higher stability can be obtained by using as a power supply a battery but Card 1/4

S/120/61/000/003/034/041 E073/E435

Improvement of thermocouple ...

The authors propose a simple instrument this is not convenient. which ensures an adequate stability of the heater current, obviates battery charging (the instrument is so adjusted that during operation the battery is constantly topped up from the supply system) and, finally, it ensures continuous measurement of the vacuum if the supply voltage fails. The entire instrument consists of a set of resistances (Figs.1 and 2) and a plug assembly for connecting the battery (6 V, 14 A hours). The instrument can operate from the supply system, the supply system plus battery and also from the battery. In all cases, the heater current is regulated by means of a rheostat. A signal lamp will light up only if the instrument is connected to the supply system. In the case of Soviet 87-2 (VT-2) vacuum meters, the stabilizing battery cannot be connected if pressures in the range of 1 to 10-1 mm Hg are measured. For this purpose more complicated modifications would be required, which are not necessary since in this range additional stabilization need not be used. The current for charging the battery is set to about 15 mA in the case of a supply voltage of 220 V and a required filament current of 120 mA. Under such conditions the instrument can operate indefinitely with a heater current between 110-135 mA. Card 2/4

Improvement of thermocouple ...

S/120/61/000/003/034/041 E073/E535

regardless of considerable fluctuations in the supply voltage. Data on the dependence of the battery charging current on the supply voltage and the required heater current are given in a table. There are 2 figures and 1 table.

Abstractor's Note: Slightlyabridged translation.

ASSOCIATION: Institut yadernykh issledovaniy ChSAN
• (Institute for Nuclear Research ChSAN)

SUBMITTED: June 17, 1960

Card 3/4

SHOTT, M

s/056/62/043/003/015/063 B102/B104

AUTHORD:

Kogan, A. V., Kul'kov, V. D., Nikitin, L. P., Reynov, N. M., Stel'makh, M. F., Shott, M.

TITLE:

Asymmetry in \$-radiation from some nuclei polarized in an iron-containing alloy

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, v. 43, no. 3(9), 1962, 828-830

TEXT: The authors measured the 3-emission asymmetry of Re  $^{186}$ , Ir  $^{192}$  and In  $^{114}$  nuclei polarized at 0.1-0.03°K in an iron alloy, using an apparatus described in ZhTF, 29, 1039, 1959 or ZhETF, 35, 295, 1958. The values of  $\nu_{\rm B}^{\rm H}_{\rm eff}$  ( $\nu_{\rm B}$ -nuclear magnetic moment,  $\rm H_{\rm eff}$ - effective field acting on the nucleus) were determined from the asymmetry given as

 $\epsilon_{\beta}(T) = [\pi(0^{\circ}) - \pi(\pi)]/[\pi(0^{\circ}) + \pi(\pi)] = A(v/e)f_{1},$ 

when, for allowed  $\beta$ -transitions,  $\mathbb{W}(\vartheta) = 1 + \mathbb{A}(v/s) f_1 \cos \vartheta$ .  $\mathbb{W}(0^\circ)$  is the  $\beta$ -radiation recording probability if the magnetic field is applied in the Card 1/3.

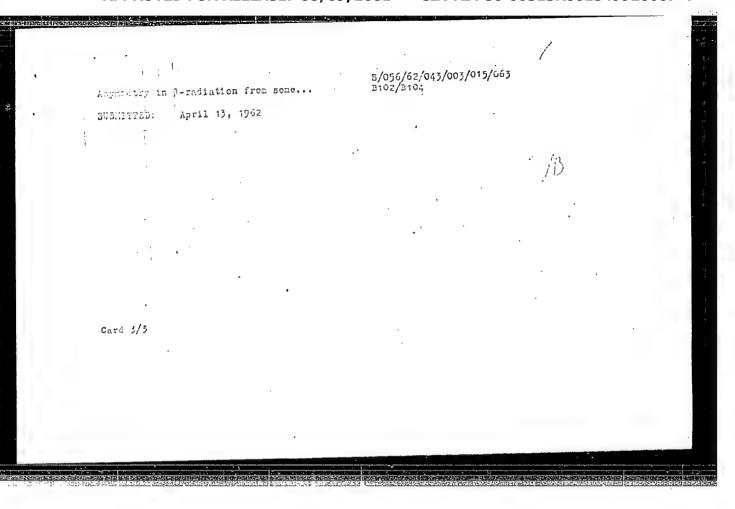
\$/056/62/043/003/015/063 3102/3104

Asymmetry in A-radiation from some...

Card 2/3

direction of the detector, w(n) is the same if H has the opposite direction; A is a factor depending only on the spins I, and I<sub>0</sub> (I<sub>1</sub>/I<sub>0</sub>) of final and initial states, f<sub>1</sub> - nuclear polarization coefficient, A - angle between the direction of miclear polarization and that of particle emission. For Ee and Ir the quantity 10<sup>18</sup> µ<sub>1</sub> H<sub>eff</sub> was determined from the slope of the atraight line  $\xi_{\beta}(1/T)$  giving 8-1 for Re and 4-0.5 for Ir. These values do not agree with the results of y-anisotropy measurements (2.5-0.5 and 12:1.5); i.e. the relation  $\xi_{\beta}(T) = A(v/c)f_1$  cannot be used. Since for these nuclei A<0 and  $\mu_1>0$  it follows that H<sub>off</sub> will be negative. For Ir 14.0 also the nuclear apin relaxation time  $\tau_{n}$  in the field H<sub>off</sub> was determined. Up to ~0.10K:  $\tau_{n}<0$ 0 sec.  $\mu_{n}<1.7^{\pm}0.4$  nuclear magnetons and H<sub>off</sub> is also negative. There are 1 figure and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut im. A. F. Ioffe Akademii nauk SSSR (Physicotechnical Institute imeni A. F. Ioffe of the Academy of Sciences USSR). Institute of Nuclear Research of the Academy of Sciences Czechoslovak SSR (M. Shott)

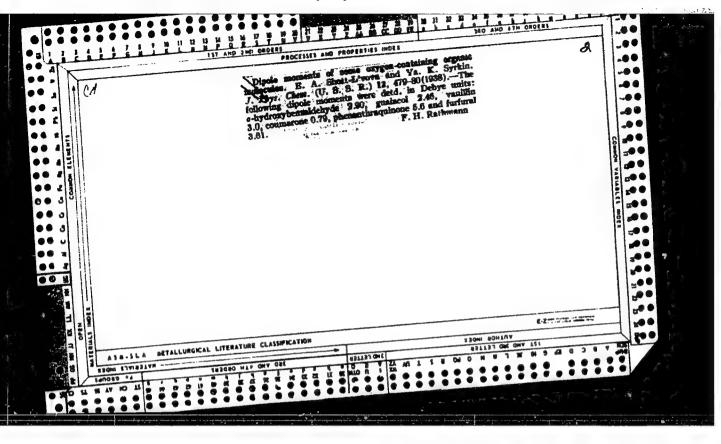


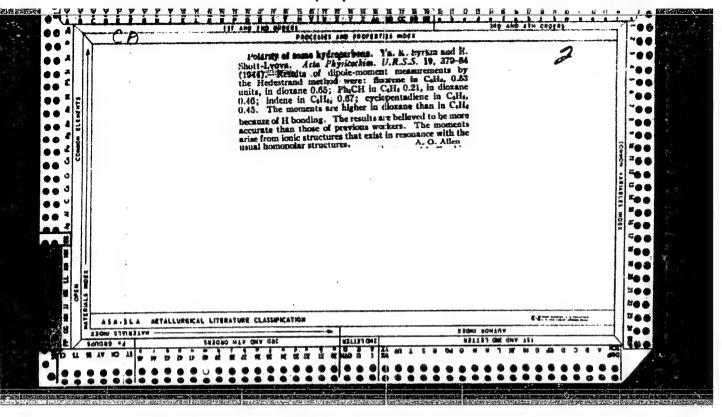
BLATKOY, A.P.: SHOTT, T.V.

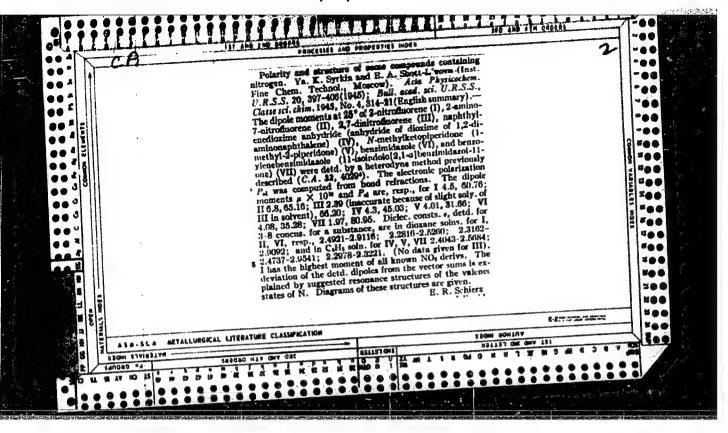
Treatment of nonspecific infections of the urinary tract at truskavets. Urologila no.2:57-59 Ap-Je '55. (MLRA 8:10)

1. Iz urologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav.--prof. P.I.Gel'fer)
Kiyevskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy i kurorta Traskavets (dir. F.S.Fedotov)

(URINARY TRACT, infections, ther.)



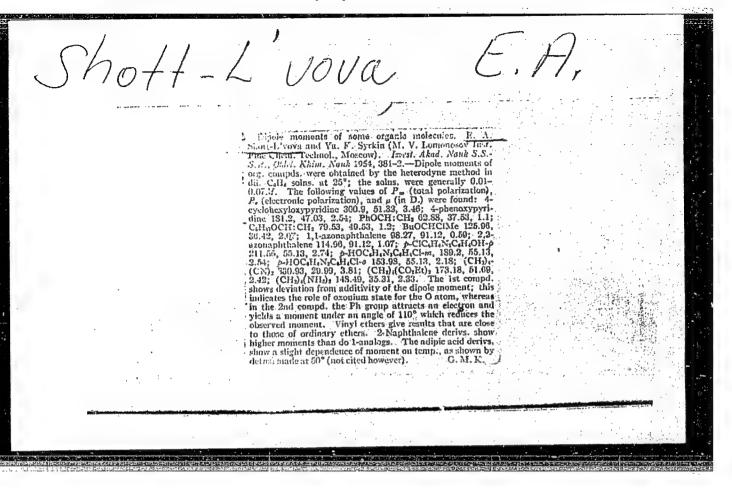


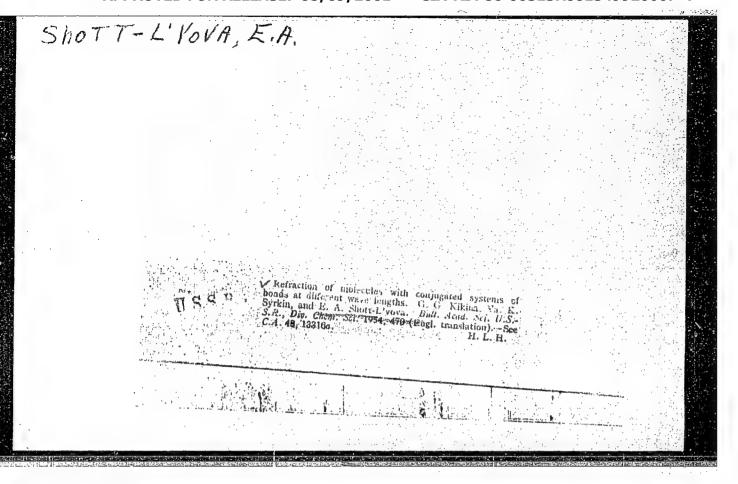


Dipole moments of organic azides. Doklady Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R. 87, 639-41 '52. (MJ.RA 5:11) (CA 47 no.13:6203 '53)

1. Institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii imeni M.V. Lomonosova, Moscow.

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s		
	USS West-L'royn and Ya. K. Syrkin. Bull. Acid. Sci. U.S. Sec. C.A. 18, 103064.  Sec. C.A. 18, 103064.  H. L. H.	
y T		





#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

USSR/Chemistry Refraction

Card

: 1/1

Authors

: Kikina, G. G., Syrkin, Ya. K., and Shott-L'vova, E. A. 

Title

: Refractions of molecules with conjugated bonds at different wave lengths

Periodical

: Izv. AN SSSR, Otd. Khim. Nauk, 3, 563 - 564, May - June 1954

Abstract

: The relation between refraction and additiveness is discussed and the problem of determining refraction extrapolated in accordance with infinitely long waves, is explained. The molecular refraction was measured for eight substances (benzene, naphthalin, anthracene, phenanthrene, acenaphthene, triphenylmethane, p-benzoquinone and phenanthrene quinones) using seven different wave lengths and the results are shown in table. One USSR reference.

Institution : The M. V. Lomonosov Institute of Delicate Chemical Technology, Moscow

Submitted

: February 16, 1954

SHOTT- L'VOVA, GE. A.

USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 40 - 22/25

Authors : Shott-L'vova, Ye. A., and Syrkin, Ya. K.

Title Dipole moments of symmetrical trinitrobenzene derivatives

Periodical : Izv. AN SSSR. Otd. khim. nauk 1, 127-128, Jan 1956

Abstract: The dipole moments of trotyl, xylyl and styphnic acid were measured by the heterodyne method in a benzene solution at 25°. The effect of the nitro-

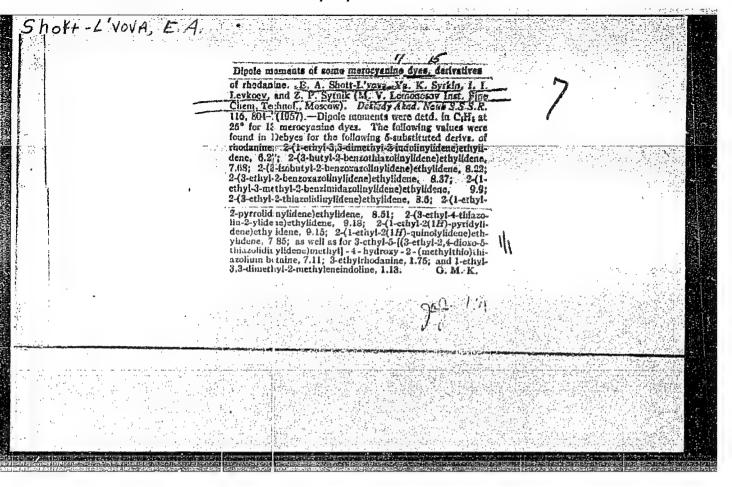
group on the increase in the trotyl and xylyl values is explained. The necessity of considering atomic polarization in the cases investigated, is

discussed. Five references: 1 USSR, 4 USA (1935-1953). Table.

Institution: Moscow Inst. of Fine Chem. Technol. im. M. V. Lomonosov

Submitted : November 1, 1955

#### 



SOV/20-121-6-28/45

AUTHORS: Shott-L'yova, Ye. A., Syrkin, Ya. K., Corresponding Member,

Academy of Sciences, USSR, Levkoyev, I. I., Deychmeyster, M. V.

TIFLE: The Dipole Moments of the Hemioxanines of the Derivatives of

3-Ethylrhodanine and Indandione (1,3) (Dipol'nyye momenty

gemioksaninov proizvodnykh 3-etilrodanina i indandiona (1,3))

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1958, Vol 121, Nr 6, pp 1048-1051

(USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors measured (at 25°) the dipole moments of some hemi-

oxanines containing 3-ethylrhodanine groups and indandione groups by the heterodyne method in benzene. A table gives the formulae, the upper and the lower limiting values of the measured concentrations, the total polarization, the electron polarization, the values of the dipole moments in Debye (Debaye) units, and the position of the maximum of absorption of the

units, and the position of the maximum of absorption of the solutions of some pigments in alcohol  $(\lambda_{max})$ . According to

experimental results, compounds which differ only by the length

of the polymethine group, have very different moments. An increase

Card 1/2 of the number of the double bonds between polar groups

SOV/20-121-6-28/45

The Dipole Moments of the Hemioxanines of the Derivatives of 3-Ethylrhodanine and Indandione (1,3)

() C=0 and -N  $\stackrel{R}{\underset{R_1}{\longrightarrow}}$ ) always causes an increase of the moment.

Various results are then given and discussed. Although the moment of indandione (1,3) 2,72 D is greater than that of 3-ethyl-rhodanine (1,75 D), the moments of the monomethine-hemioxanines have a noticeably lower value for the derivatives of indandione (1,3). This is probably, caused by the different directions of the moments in 3-ethylrhodanine and indandione. The variations of the investigated absorption spectra of the hemioxanines, which are caused by an elongation of their polymethine chain, agree with the conclusions concerning the structure of these compounds which were drawn from the investigation of their dipole moments. There are 1 table and 13 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

SUBMITTED:

May 9, 1958

Card 2/2

5.3610

78084 80V/62-60-1-30/37

AUTHORS:

Shott-Livova, Ye. A., Syrkin, Ya. K.

TITLE:

Dipole Moments of Dicyclohexylammonium Nitrite. Brief

Communications

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya akademii nauk SSSR, otdeleniye khimicheskikh

nauk, 1960, Nr 1, pp 139-140 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Dipole moment for dicyclohexylammonium nitrite (I), or dicyclohexylamine nitrite as the authors called it, was determined in a benzene solution at 25°. Dielectric constants of 0.000109, 0.000094, and 0.0000809 mole solution of I were found. They are 2.2738,

2.2733, and 2.2729, respectively. The electronic polarization of I is 65.4 cm<sup>3</sup>. According to the literature data.  $\alpha$  is equal to 11.17, 10.75, and 10.35;

ture data,  $\alpha$  is equal to 11.17, 10.75, and 10.35;  $\beta$  is 0.8. The dipole moment for I, calculated according to the above data is equal to 4.14, 0.04 x

10-

 $10^{-18}$ . Since the dipole moment obtained is too low for a salt, the authors conclude I in a nonpolar

Card 1/2

Dipole Moments of Dicyclohexylammonium Nitrite. Brief Communications

78094 SOV/62-60-1-30/37

solvent, does not exist in a salt form  $\begin{bmatrix} (c_6H_{11})_2 & NH_2^+ \end{bmatrix}$   $\begin{bmatrix} NH_2 & NH_2 & NH_2 \end{bmatrix}$ . The data obtained indicate  $HNO_2$  and dicyclohexylamine in a nonpolar solvent can form a molar compound with two hydrogen bonds:

$$\frac{H_{H}C_{3}}{H_{H}C_{6}}N = \frac{H-O}{H-O}N$$

The authors express their gratitude to M. N. Polteva for supplying material for measurement.

ASSOCIATION:

M. V. Lomonosov Institute of Fine Chemicals Technology (Institut tonkov khimicheskoy tekhnologii imeni M. V. Lomonosova)

SUBMITTED: Card 2/2 June 19, 1959

SHOTT-LIVOVA, Ye.A.; SYRKIN, Ya.K.; LEVKOYEV, I.I.; DEYCHMEYSTER, M.V.

Dipole moments of merocyanines, derivatives of 2,4-imidazolid-inedione and its thio and dithio substituents. Dokl.ANSSR 145 no.6:1321-1323 Ag 162. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii im. M.V. Lomonosova 1 Vsesoyuznnyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy kino-fotoinstitut. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Syrkin).

(Merocyanines-Dipole moments) (Hydantoin)

SHOTTER, L. Kh.

New method of graft fixation in keratoplasty. Vest. oft. 29:6, Nov.-Dec. 50. p. 38

1. Of Republic Tartu Eye Clinic of Esthonian SSR (Head — Docent V. Savi.

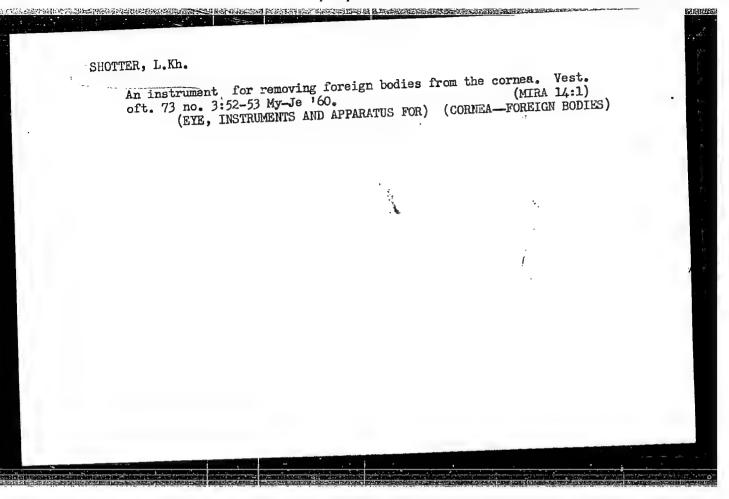
CLML 20, 3, March 1951

SHOFTER, L.Kh.

New surgical method in traumatic iridodialysis. Yest.oft. 33 no.1:
40-41 Ja-F '54.

1. Iz kafedry oftalmologii Tartuskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta
i glaznogo otdeleniya respublikanskoy Tartuskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy.

(Iris (Eye)--Surgery)



SHCURKCVA, Alena, fotokorrespondent (Chekhoslovakiya)

Foreign visitors comment on the "Seven-Year Plan in Action",
"Dynamics and poetry" exhibition. Sov.foto 21 no.6127 de '61.

(Czechoslovakia--Relations(General)with Russia)

(Russia--Relations(General) with Czechoslovakia)

VARLAKOV, V.P., inzh.; STERLIN, R.L., inzh.; SHOVENSIN, A.V., inzh.

Texture formation and magnetic properties of E3SP transformer steel. Stal' 25 no.10:938-940 0 65. (MIRA 18:11)

ACC NR: AP6036899 (4) SOURCE CODE: UR/0226/66/000/011/0046/0051

AUTHOR: Shovensin, A. V.; Shcherbedinskiy, G. V.; Minkevich, A. N.

ORG: Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy (Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii)

TITLE: Characteristics of carbon diffusion in molybdenum carbide

SOURCE: Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no. 11, 1966, 46-51

TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum carbide, carbon diffusion, thermal diffusion, diffusion, attration

ABSTRACT: Temperature relationships are determined for the self-diffusion and heterodiffusion coefficients of carbon in mulybdenum carbide, expressed by the ratio D = 0.3 exp (-67,000 RT) cm<sup>2</sup>/sec and D = 3·17·10<sup>3</sup> exp (-78,000 RT) cm<sup>2</sup>/sec, respectively. The heterodiffusion coefficients, at temperatures investigated, exceed the self-diffusion coefficients by approximately two orders of magnitude. The difference in diffusion coefficients can be explained by a strong dependence of the thermodynamic activity on the concentration of carbon in molybdenum carbide. Orig. art. has: 6 formulas and 4 figures. [Based on authors' abstract] [NT] SUB CODE: 11/SUBM DATE: 20Dec65/ORIG REF: 003/

Card 1/1

EVT(m)/T/EVP(t) IJP(c) L 23223-66 ACC NR: AP6013599 SOURCE CODE: UR/0148/65/000/001/0095/0098 Shovensin, A. V.; Minkevich, A. N.; Shcherbedinskiy, G. V. ORG: Moscow Institute of Steel and Alloys (Moskovskiy institut stali i splayov) Diffusion of carbon into cobalt and nickel SOURCE: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Chernaya metallurgiya, no. 1, 1965, 95-98 TOPIC TAGS: cobalt, nickel, austenite, carbon, radioisotope, metal diffusion, radioactivity measurement ABSTRACT: In connection with the influence of alloying elements on the diffusion of carbon into austenite, the authors studied the diffusion of carbon into alloying elements cobalt and nickel in the range of 700-1000°C. Radioactive carbon Cl4 was used, and the distribution of concentration per depth was measured. The conditions of homogenizing, to which the samples of cobalt and nickel were subjected, and the corresponding diffusion coefficients are tabulated. These data were used to plot the temperature dependence of the diffusion coefficients of carbon in cobalt and nickel. The values of the free energy Q and pre-exponential coefficient Do obtained from these plots differ from those given in the literature, and the authors defend their results by pointing out the improvements involved in their approach to the problem. Orig. art. has: 4 figures, 3 formulas, and 1 table. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 11, 18 / SUBM DATE: 16Dec63 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 002 UDC: 669.24: 669.25

SOKOLOVSKIY, S.A., inzh.; SHOVGENEV, P.P., inzh.

New device for studying pulse processes in windings. Elektrichestvo no.10:56-59 0 '60. (MIRA 14:9)

LIPIN, Aleksandr Ivanovich, inzh.; SHLUGER, Mikhail Aleksandrovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; RYABOY, Ayzik Yakovlevich, inzh.; SHOVIK, I. Ye., inzh., ved. red.; SOROKINA, T.M., tekhn. red.

[Reducing the loss of chromium anhydride in electrolytic chromium plating. Chronium plating from a cold tetrachromate electrolyte]Umen'shenie poter' khromovogo angidrida pri elektroliticheskom khromirovanii. Khromirovanie iz kholodnogo tetrakhromatnogo elektrolita. [By]A.IA.Riaboi, M.A.Shluger. Moskva, Filial Vses. in-ta nauchn. i tekhn. informatsii, 1958. 16 p. (Peredovoi nauchno-tekhnicheskii i proizvodstvennyi opyt. Tema 13. No.M-58-203/21) (MIRA 16:3) (Chromium plating) (Electrolytes)

AZERBATEV, I.N.; GUSEV, V.P., kand.khim.nauk; TATARCHUK, V.V.; SHCVMAN', A.Ya.

Synthesis of propargylamines. Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 20 nc.4:05-62
Ap '64.

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN KazSSR (for Azerbayev).

ENCYTHER, I. H.

Ya. H. Shebelin, F. Yu. Entsimoldy, and I. H. Shouthon

"Tolynumication—Depolymentation", Journal of General Chemistry, 17, 79, 1659-111, 1967, Loninguad, 3t Popert: A New Primer of Divingl.

ADSUMAT ANALIATE

D-50079

L 34971-66 EWT(1) SCTB UR/0413/66/000/012/0074/0074 SOURCE CODE: ACC NRi AP6021806 INVENTOR: Utyamyshev, R. I.; Shovkoplyas, A. M.; Neumyvakin, I. P. ORG: none TITLE: Device for recording human respiration. Class 30, No. 182852 SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 12, 1966, 74 TOPIC TAGS: respiration sensor, human physiology ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a device used to record human respiration. The device consists of a housing with respiratory bladder, ameroid Fig. 1. Device for recording human respiration 1 - Housing; 2 - respiratory bladder; 3 - aneroid component; 4 - fan; 5 reducer; 6 - inhale valve; 7 - exhale valve; 8 - lever-multiplier system; 9 - ratchet wheel; 10 - scale. UDC: 615.471:612.2-087

(1)12个时间,中国各位15位至15位的各种省份的国际的国际的国际的国际的	化物工程 经保证的 化多分子 的复数不足 医多种性性 医多种性 医多种性 医多种性 医多种性 医多种性 医多种性 医多种	
L 34971-66		
ACC NR: AP6021806	0	2
construction of the device number of exhalations in a	reducer and inhale-exhale valves. To simplify the and to measure the volume of exhaled air during a given given period of time, it has been equipped with a with a ratchet wheel which shifts 1 notch per exhalation. exhaled air in units of volume (see Fig. 1). Orig.	
SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE:	23Jan65/ ATD PRESS: 5029	
Section 1		
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1		
Card 2/2 JS		

Director seeds	L 47503-66 ACC NR: AP6032499 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/017/0053/0053	-
	INVENTOR: Utyamyshev, R. I.; Shovkoplyas, A. M.; Neumyvakin, I. P.; Sytov, V. M.	
	ORG: none	
	TITLE: Electrospirograph. Class 30, No. 185436	
1	SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 17, no. 17, 1966,	
	TOPIC TAGS: human physiology, spirography, electrospirograph, respiratory physiology, respiratory system, respiration, diagnostic medicine	
	ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate was issued for an electrospirograph consisting of a two-channel turbine-type sensor, amplifier, signal shaper, counting circuit, and output	
	Fig. 1. Electrospirograph	
	1 - Sensor; 2 - amplifier; 3 - recording device; 4 - counting circuit; 5 - output	
	stage; 6 - trigger.	
	Card 1/2 UDC: 615.471:612.2	

ACC NR: AP6032499

cascade. For more accurate and reliable measurement of the volume of inspired and expired air, and greater convenience in reading oscillogram records on which inhalation and exhalation appear on the same trace, the circuit includes an electrical device for pairing and marking adjacent pulses indicating either inspiration or expiration. This marker consists of a symmetrical trigger circuit connected through a resistance and semiconductor diode with the output emitter follower. Orig. art.

[DP]

SUB CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: 23Jan65/ ATD PRESS: 5095

vlr

1. SHOWNOTE IT, I. K.

2. USTR (600)

4. Ukraine - Excavations (Archaeology)

7. Results of the investigations of the expedition of the Institute of Archaeology for 1950. Visnyk AM URSR, 23, No. 3, 1951.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, May 1953, Unclassified.

SHOVKOPLYAS, I. H.

Ukraine - Excavations (Archaeology)

Archaeological investigations in the Ukraine during the years of Soviet Power. Visnyk AN URSR 24, No. 2, 1953.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1953. Unclassified.

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4

USSR/Scientific Organization

Card 1/1

Pub. 138 - 8/12

Authors

: Shovkoplyas, I.G.

Title

CHARLEST STATE TO BE A SECOND OF THE SECOND Scientific conference at the Institute of Archaeology of the Academy of

Sciences Ukr-SSR

Periodical : Visnik AN URSR 3, 58-61, Mar 1954

Abstract

: Minutes are presented of the special conference, held by the Institute of Archaeology of the Academy of Sciences Ukr-SSR, celebrating the 300-th anniversary of the annexation of the Ukraine by Russia. Names of personalities, attending the conference, are listed.

Institution:

Submitted:

SHOVKOPLYAS, I.G.

USSR/ Miscellaneous - Archaeology

Card 1/1 : Pub. 86 - 23/35

Authors : Shovkoplyas, I. G., Cand. Hist. Sc.

Title : Rock crystal on an encampment of the Early Stone Age

Periodical : Priroda 44/2, 111 - 112, Feb 1955

Abstract : An account is given of renewing excavation work near the village

of Dobranichevka, about a hundred kilometers eastward from Kiev, on a promontory on the Suboy river. Here some objects made of clear crystal rock were found that belong to the stone age.

Illustrations; diagram.

Institution : The Ukrainian Acad. of Sc. Archaeological Institute

Submitted : ....

LN/5 805.2 .S5

Shovkoplyas, I

G

Arkheologichni doslidzhennya na Ukravini, 1917-1957; oglyad vyvchennya arkheologichnykh pam'yatok [Archeological studies in the Ukraine, 1917-1957] Kyyiv, Vyd-vo Akademii Nauk Ukrayins'-koyi RSR, 1957.

423 p. illus., diagrs.

At head of title: Akademiya Nauk Ukrainskoy SSR. Instytu: Arkheologiyi.

Russian title: Arkheologicheskiye Issledovaniya na Ukraine, 1917-1957.

"Literatura"; p. 319-406.

SHOVKOPLYAS, I.G. [Shovkoplias, I.H.], kand.ist. nauk

Nature of dwellings in the upper Paleolithic. Visnyk AN URSH 29 no.2:38-49 F 158. (MIRA 11:4)

(Ukraine--Stone age)

#### 

SHOVKOPLYAS, I.G.[Shovkoplias, I.H.], kand. ist. nauk

Ninth conference of the Institute of Archeology of the Academy of Sciences of the Ukrainian S.S.R. Vienyk AN UESR 29 no. 6:53-57

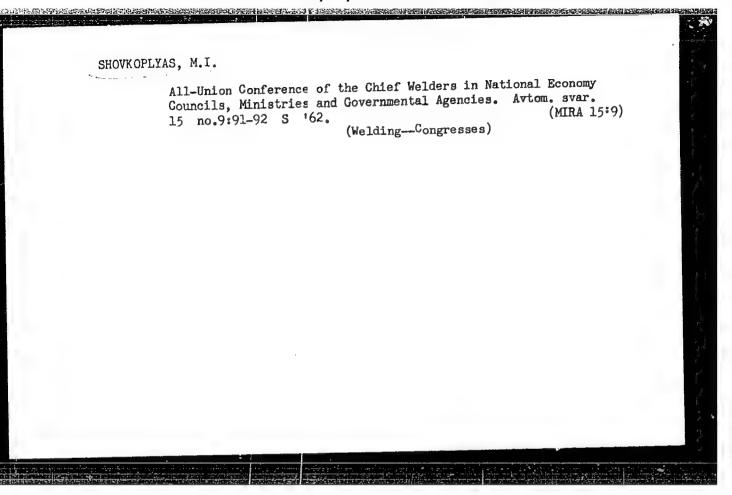
Je '58. (Ukraine--Archeology)

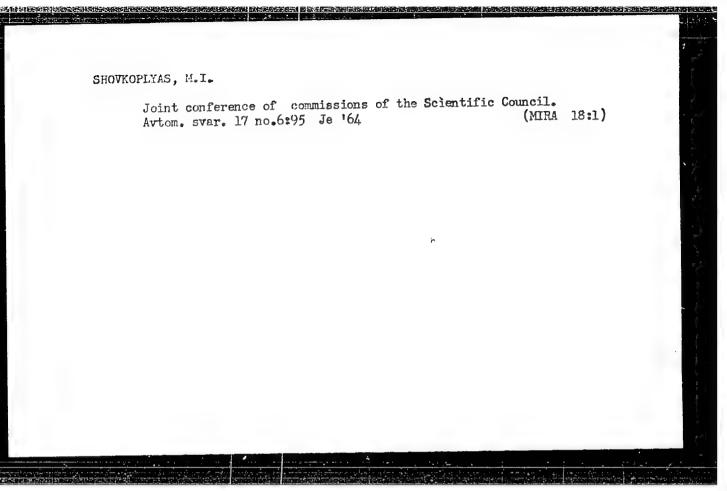
SHOVKOPLYAS, I.G. [Shovkoplias, I.H.]; YURA, R.O. [IUra, R.O.]

"When and how Kiew was founded" by M. IU. Braichevs'kyl.

Reviewed by I.H. Shovkoplias, R.O. IUra. Dop. AN URSR no.3:

418-420 '64. (MIRA 17:5)





Energy expenditure in miners of the Moscow Coal Basin.
Vop. pit. 19 no.3:18-21 My-Je '60. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Iz otdela gigiyeny pitaniya (zav. - prof. A.I.Shtenberg)
Moskovskogo instituta gigiyeny imeni F.F.Erismana.
(MOSCOW BASIN-COAL MINERS) (RESPIRATION)
(NUTRITION)

#### 

SHOVKOPLYAS, O.A.

Conference on problems in the nutrition of miners. Vop. pit. 19 no.3:93-94 My-Je '60. (MIRA 14:3)

(MINERS—DISEASES AND HYGIENE) (NUTRITION)

SHOVKOPLYAS, O.A.

Vitamin A content in the body of miners. Vop.pit. 22 no.1: 47-50 Ja-F'63 (MIRA 16:11)

1. Iz otdela gigiyeny pitaniya (zav. - prof. A.I.Shtenberg) Nauchmo-isslć watel skogo instituta gigiyeny imeni F.F.Erismana i otdela A, D, E - vitaminow (zav. - prof. S.N. Matsko) Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta vitaminologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR, Moskva.



L'NYANOY, V.N.; SHOVKOPLYAS, V.K.

Crystallization of graphite on alloy surfaces under the effect of cooling, Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 7 no.1:148-151 '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

SASINOVICH, V.S. [Sasynovych, V.S.]; SHELKOFLYAS, V.H. [Shovkoplias, V.M.]; MOROZOV, G.V. [Morozov, H.V.]

Use of the thermoluminescent method for studying the geological structure of the Rakhov Massif. Dop. AN URSR no.4:494-498 165.

(MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN UkrSSR.

# SHOVKOPLYAS, V.N. [Shovkoplias, V.M.]

New data on molluske from Quaternary sediments of the middle Big Valley. Dop.AN URSR no.4:500-507 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN USSR, Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V.G. Bondarchukom [V.H. Bondarchukom].

(Bug Valley--Mollusks, Fossil)

Recent data on the mineralogical composition of Quaternary sediments of the middle Bug Valley. Dop.AN URSR no.5:660-664 '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN USSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN USSR V. G. Bondarchukom [Bondarchuk, V.H.].

(Bug Valley—Rocks, Sedimentary)

KURBANOV, A.K.; ROZENBERG, M.D.; ZHELTOV, Yu.P.; SHOVKRINSKIY, G.Yu.

Motion of multicomponent hydrocarbon mixtures in a porous medium.

Nauch.-tekh. sbor. po dob. nefti no.24:41-43 '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Vsesoyuznyy neftegazovyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut.

. SHOVKUN A.G.

PERTUSSIS

"The Effectiveness of an Early Application of Antibiotics in the Foci of Pertussis Infection and the Significance of a Phagocytosis Reaction in the Diagnosis of Pertussis", by A.G. Shovkun, Voprosy Okhrany Materinstva i Detstva, No 4, July-August 1957, pp 6-11.

In 1955, the author made observations on the phagocytic reactions and the effectiveness of treatment of children for pertussis during the early stage of this disease in three foci of infection. His observations are described in detail and the author concludes as follows:

- 1) In case of pertussis, an early administration of syntomycin reduces the phagocytic reaction of blood; however, it remains high enough to be applied for early diagnosis.
- 2) The increase in the phagocytic properties of blood forming the pertussis antigen during the catarrhal stage of the disease has rendered it possible to diagnose pertussis in 84 percent of the cases on the first day; 95.4 percent of cases on the second to fourth day;

Card 1/3. - 46 - Children's Diversus, Roston State Med. Inst.

MARISOVA, A.P.; KARNITSKAYA, N.V.; KONDRATENKO, V.I.; VOLCHANSKAYA, M.A.; PRIYMA, N.I.; SHOVKUN, A.G.; MOSKALENKO, Ye.P.; MUZYKOVA, N.F.; EL'KIND, R.A.

Study of the reactogenic properties and epidemiological effectiveness of the whooping cough-diphtheria vaccine in Rostov-on-Don. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid.i immun. 32 no.12:8-12 D '61. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz Rostovskogo instituta epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny.

(ROSTOV\_ON\_DON\_\_WHOOPING COUGH\_\_PREVENTIVE INOCUALTION)

(ROSTOV\_ON\_DON\_\_DIPHTHERIA\_\_PREVENTIVE INOCULATION)

ACC NR. AP7001229

AUTHOR: Shovkun, I. (Engineer; Lieutenant colonel); Kozlov, I. (Senior sergeant; Re-enlisted service)

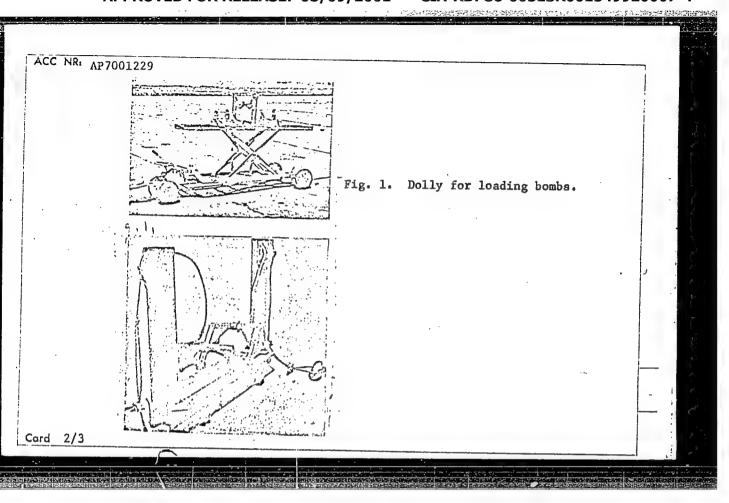
ORG: none

TITLE: Bombs are hoisted faster [Bomb loading dolly]

SOURCE: Starshina-serzhant, no. 12, 1966, 31

TOPIC TAGS: ordance, bomb carrier, bomb handling device, bomb hoist, bomb truck

ABSTRACT: A lot-produced bomb-loading dolly has been modified by the addition to its movable frame of a 130-mm channel-beam, inverted U-shaped attachment (see Fig. 1). This modification greatly accelerates and simplifies the loading of bombs. In the transport position, the bomb rests on supports. When the movable frame is raised,



## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4

SHOVKUH, V. Z.

Termicheskaia obrabotka krupnykh kolenchatykh valov iz uglerodistykh i nizkolegirovannykh stalei. (Vestn. Mash., 1951, no. 3, p. 39-43)

Includes bibliography.

Hoat treatment of large crankshafts of carbon and low-alloy steels.

DLC: Till.Vh

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

KOLOKOLOV, N.V.; KARPYSHEV, M.S.; PARTIKEVICH, F.V.; STOLINER, I.S.;
SHOVKUN, V.Ye.; GAVRILOV, S.M., inzhener, retsenzent; PASTERNAK, N.A., inzhener, redaktor; MATVETEVA, Te.N., tekhnicheskiy
redaktor; POPOVA, S.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Production practice in the heavy machinery industry (Novyy Kramatorsk Stalin Machinery Plant at Elektrostal')] Proizvodstvennyi
opyt v tiazhelom mashinostroenii. (Novo-Kramatorskii mashinostroitel'nyi zavod imeni Stalina, g. Elektrostal'.) Noskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.
izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry. Vol. 1. 1952. 138 p. [Microfilm]
(MIRA 7:10)
1. Novo-Kramatorskiy mashinostroitel'nyy zavod imeni Stalina,
g. Elektrostal'.
(Machine-shop practice)

ovkun, V. Ye. (Deceased) 33 35 8 blade alloy, blade
33 B blade alloy, blade
blade alloy, blade
blade alloy, blade
aterial for gas-turbine 180C and aged at 800C) trength of 59-78 and tion of area of 31-45
kgm/cm <sup>2</sup> . Aging for nsile and yield strengthip ptable level. In
rupture life was area of 15.6%. Such a th at 8000 for 5000

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ACCESSION NR: AP5005837		2 maa ataada	argen stage was	
or 10,000 hr rupture life was 13-24 or 11-13 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> . The steady creep stage was relatively short and did not exceed 35-50% of the rupture life. The endurance limit (10 <sup>8</sup> cycles) at 700 and 7500 exceeded 39 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> and 26 kg/mm <sup>2</sup> for smooth and				
notched specimens, respectively. The temperature in the range of 600-750C has no effect on the magnitude of fatigue strength. The steel appears to be sensitive to				
effect on the magnitude of forging conditions. Blad	of fatigue strength U	he steel appears to b	180C. Even small	
forging conditions. Black temperature deviations	30-400) have an adve	rse effect. Orig. ar	f. usa: 4 HRmcs	
and 2 tables.			[WW]	
ASSOCIATION: none				
SUBMITTED: 00	ENCL:	00	SUB CODE: MM	
NO REF SOV: 003	OTHER:	.000	ATD PRESS: 3205	
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Card 2/2				

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4"

SKORODINSKIY, Z.P.[Skorodyns'kyi, Z.P.], otv. red.; BERKOVICH, Ye.M., prof., nauchn. sotr., red.; GZHITSKIY, S.Z.[Hzhyts'kyi, S.Z.]., mauchn. sotr., praf., red.; MITSIK, V.Yu., red.; PUPIN, I.G. [Pupin, I.d.], red.; SHOVKUN, V.Yu., red.; PALFIY, F.Yu., red.

[Abstracts of reports of the First Scientific conference of Graduate Students] Tezy dopovidei Pershoi aspirants'koi naukovoi konferentsii. L'viv, 1963. 62 p. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Ukrains'kyi naukovo-doslidnyi instytut fiziologii i biokhimii sil's'kohospodars'kykh tvaryn. 2. L'vovskiy zooveterinarnyy institut i Chlen-korrespondent AN Ukr.SSR (for Gzhitskiy). 3. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut fiziologii i biokhimii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh zhivotnykh (for Berkovich)

9,4170 authors:

\$/051/60/009/006/010/018

Yezhik, I.I., and Shovlo, S.T.

TITLE: The Role of M, R and F: Colour Centres in the Infrared

Fluorescence of F-Centres in Alkali-halide Crystals

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1960, Vol.9, No.6, pp 772-774

TEXT: The infrared fluorescence of F-centres was observed at 1-1.5 u in additively coloured (Ref.1) and in X-ray irradiated (Refs 2, 3) alkali-halide crystals. The present paper deals with the infrared fluorescence of F-centres in KCl and KBr additively accounted using Artsybyshev's technique (Ref.4). After coloration the crystals were cooled to the temperature of liquid nitrogen; this ensured that only F-centres remained in them. A photoresistor this ensured that only F-centres remained in them. A photoresistor weak currents were amplified with a resonance amplifier (Ref.2). The intensity of the infrared fluorescence of F-centres was recorded between 77 and 600 °K. To find the role of F'-, M- and R-centres in the infrared fluorescence of F-centres the following experiments were carried out: 1) a crystal was excited simultaneously in the F- and F'-bands; 2) the crystal was excited

Card 1/2

### S/051/60/009/005/010/018 E201/E191

The Role of M, R and F: Colour Centres in the Infrared Fluorescence of F-Centres in Alkali-halide Crystals

simultaneously in the F-, F'- and M-bands; 3) the crystal was excited simultaneously with light of wavelengths in the F- and M-bands. The infrared fluorescence of F-centres in KCl and KBr is shown in Figs 1 and 2 respectively. Curves 1, 2 and 3 were obtained in experiments (1), (2) and (3) described above. The results are interpreted by an energy-hand system (Fig.3) with F-centres represented by two levels (ground and excited), and with F'-, M- and R-centres regarded as electron acceptor levels in the forbidden band.

There are 3 figures, 1 table and 6 references: 4 Soviet, 1 Dutch and 1 English.

SUBMITTED: October 28, 1959

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001549920007-4"

KOVRIZHKIN, N.P.; SHOVSKIY, Yu.V., inzh., retsenzent; KLIMOV, N.N., inzh., retsenzent; MEL'NIKOV, V.Ye., red.; USENKO, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Analysis of the work performed by the locomotive engineer based on the recordings of the speed counter tapes] Kontrol' raboty mashinista lokomotiva po skorostemernym lentam. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 128 p. (MIRA 16:7) (Locomotives—Brakes) (Recording instruments)

SHOVIYUK, V., prepodavatel!

Studying the resolutions of the 22d Congress of CRSU on the basis of local material. Prof.-tekh.obr. 19 no.10:19-21 0 '62.

(MIRA 15:11)

1. Tekhnicheskoye uchilishche No.1, Kovrov.

(Communist education)

SHOTKET, P. A.

Journal of Applied Chemistry May 1954 Industrial Organic Chemistry / Effect of a vanadium pentoxide stannic oxide catalyst on the reaction kinetics and composition of the products of incomplete oxidation of propane butane. M. V. Polyakov and P. A. Shoiket (Dokl. Akad. Naur. SSSR, 1953, 89, 1057—1069).—The quantities and rates of formation of formaldehyde (I), higher aldehydes (II), and alcohols, etc. (III), at various temp. (275—440°) and initial pressures in the oxidation of 1: i mixtures of O<sub>2</sub> with propane-butane on SnO<sub>2</sub>-V<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> are recorded. In the presence of catalyst, more of I+II than III is produced, a reverse of conditions in its absence. The oxidation is a chain reaction proceeding in the gas phase and on the catalyst, at an average energy of activation of 14 kg.-cal., much greater than in the absence of catalyst.

R. C. Muddent.

10-13-54

SHOYKHER, I.A., inzh.

Working complex turbine blade profiles on all-purpose equipment.

Energomashinostroenie 3 no.12:34-36 D '57. (MIRA 11:1)

(Gurbines) (Turning)

### 

Machining the profile section of the moving blades of the terminal stages of steam turbines. Energomashinostroenie 9 no.4:29-31 Ap 163. (Steam turbines)

TARANOV, R., inshener; SHEYKO, V., inshener; VOLKIN, P., (Lqsino-Petrovsk, Moskovskaya oblast'); FEKHTEL, K.; MIROHENKO, V.; ZUYEV, N.; SHOYKHET, A.

Accounts by participants. Radio no.10:18-20 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Nachal'nik respublikanskogo radiokluba Dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu Moldavskoy SSR (for Zuyev) 2. Starshiy inzhener respublikanskogo radiokluba Dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu Moldavskoy SSR (for Shovkhet).

(Radio, Shortwave--Competitions)

LAPPA, M.I., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent; GUSAK, Ya.M., inzh.; SHOYKHET, A.I., inzh.

Vibration of high-speed gas turbine units. Energomashinostroenie
11 no.11:28-32 N .65. (MIRA 18:11)

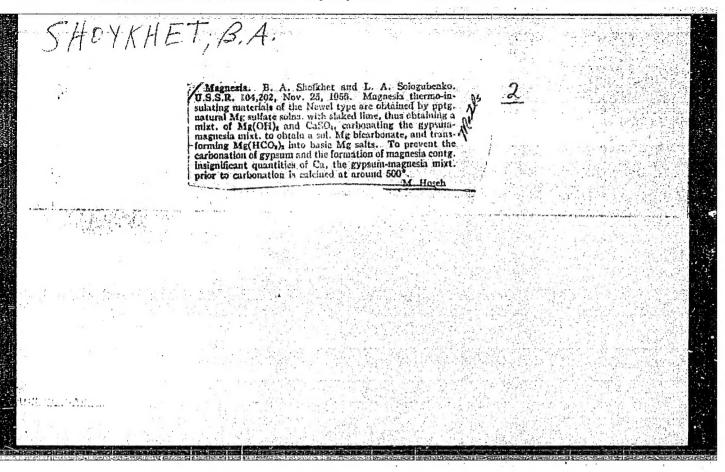
# TARABAN, A.S.; KOSOVSKIY, Yu.Yu.; EESPALA, A.U.; SHOYKHET, A.S. Therapeutic effectiveness of certain antibiotics in whooping cough and measles. Fediatrila no.4:47-49 JI-Ag '54. (MERA 7:10) 1. Iz kafedry infektsionnykh bolezney Chernovitskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. dotsent N.B.Man'kovskiy) (WHOOPING COUGH, therapy, antibiotics) (MEASLES, therapy, antibiotics) (ANTIBIOTICS, therapeutic use, measles & whooping cough)

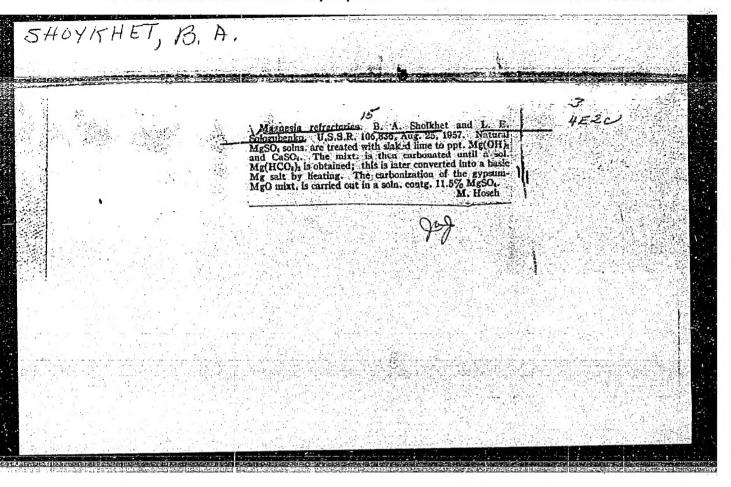
Billian II, fi. k., tiet i al Billian, fie a.

"Tower tight: of the Process of Host Transfer Loring Aubiliage," Hauch. Day. Cossk. Felfod: A. Tu-ba, Vol &, No A, 1854, p. 35-3

The authors present results of experiments in heat exchange between a gas and non-volutible liquid during mubiling in conditions of a fluid space. They study the influence of the physical propertie of the liquid and gus, a clic factors, and the direction of the thermal flow. They state that the int noity of heat exchange depends upon the physical properties of our seed a, the form of the indet, the density of flow of the gus, and the de their limbhling. (Albhach, No 5, 1955) SC: Suc.No. 713, 7 Nov 55

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SOV/81-59-16-57773

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 16, p 300 (USSR)

AUTHORS :

Shoykhet, B.A., Sologubenko, L.Ye.

TITLE:

The Preparation of Magnesium Oxide Brine From the Brines of Sivash

PERIODICAL:

V sb.: Kompleksn. ispol'zovaniye solyan. resursov Sivasha i Perekopsk.

ozer. Kiyev, AN UkrSSR, 1958, pp 66-79

ABSTRACT:

It has been established that the production of conditional Mg(OH)2 for refractories from the brine of the Perekop lakes and from Sivash desulfated brine is possible. Conditional  ${\rm Mg(OH)}_2$  can be obtained by the treatment of the brine with limewater under the condition of complete burning of the lime. At the use of commercial 85%-lime the preparation of MgO suitable for refractories is possible by direct treatment of the brine with ground lime. A technological production method has been developed which has been tested in a pilot installation of the Krasnoperekop Plant, and a test sample of 15 tons MgO has been obtained which contained up to 1.5% CaO.

From the author's summary.

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